

EUROPEAN WIRELESS TUTORIAL, OCT. 2ND, 2023, BY DAVID PUFFER

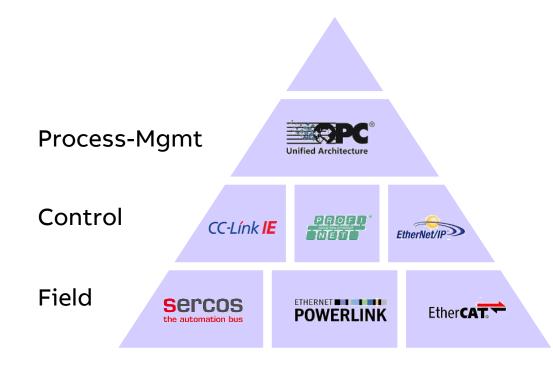
Real-time communication for industrial networks Status & Outlook



Outline

- 1. The past & present: Industrial Ethernet Fieldbuses and new challenges
- 2. The future: OPC UA & TSN applied to industrial automation
- 3. B&R and OPC UA / TSN: Applications & Products
- 4. Trends: Industrial Automation and Adaptive Manufacturing
- 5. Challenges: Adaptive Manufacturing & Wireless Communication

The past & present: Industrial Ethernet Fieldbuses and new challenges The Automation Pyramid: Status Quo

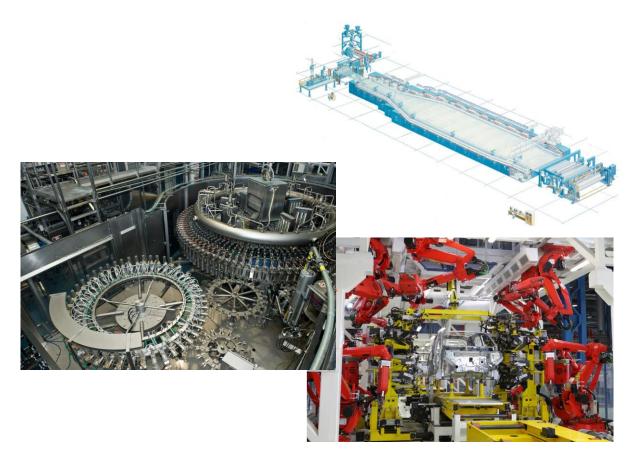


- Different protocols employed on different levels
 - Field Level: e.g., Sercos, POWERLINK, EtherCAT
 - Control Level: e.g., CC-Link IE, Profinet, EtherNet/IP
 - Process-Management Level: e.g., OPC UA
- A mix of technologies
 - High costs for development and maintenance
 - Limited device portfolio to choose from (per level)
 - Multiple experts at machine builder & manufacturer (end user)

Different fieldbuses for different application requirements. Complex and expensive to install & maintain.

The past & present: Industrial Ethernet Fieldbuses

Challenging applications

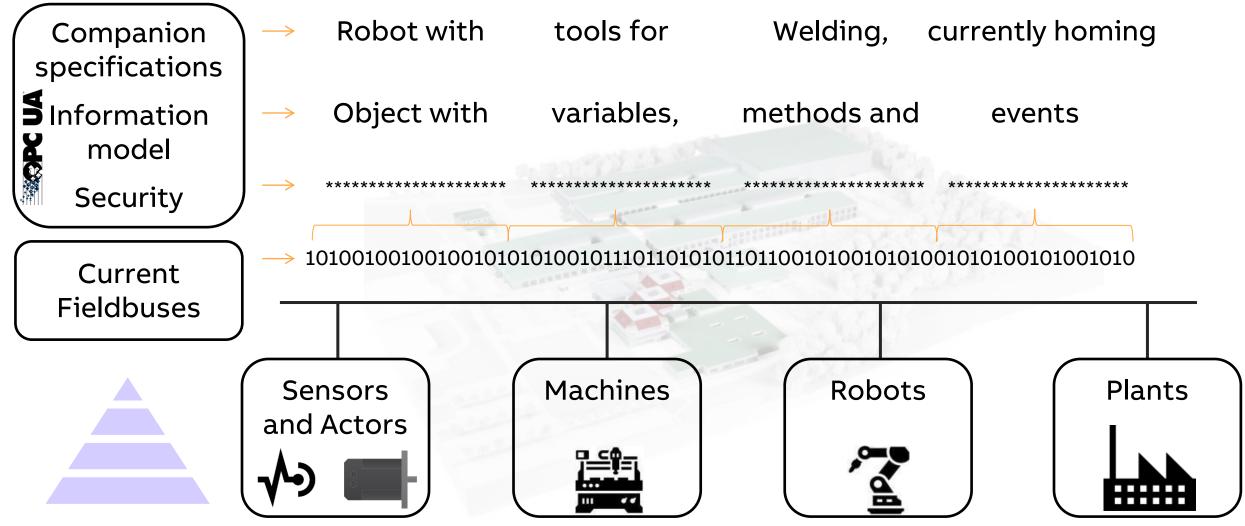


- More and more applications demand
 - No. of network devices >>
 - Bandwidth requirements >>
 - Cycle times << (double-digit us)
 - Increased requirements on synchronized motion control
 - Different types of communication relationships, e.g. position control vs device parameterization on same network
 - Integration of IT equipment, e.g., database servers

Todays Industrial Ethernet Fieldbuses are reaching their limits.

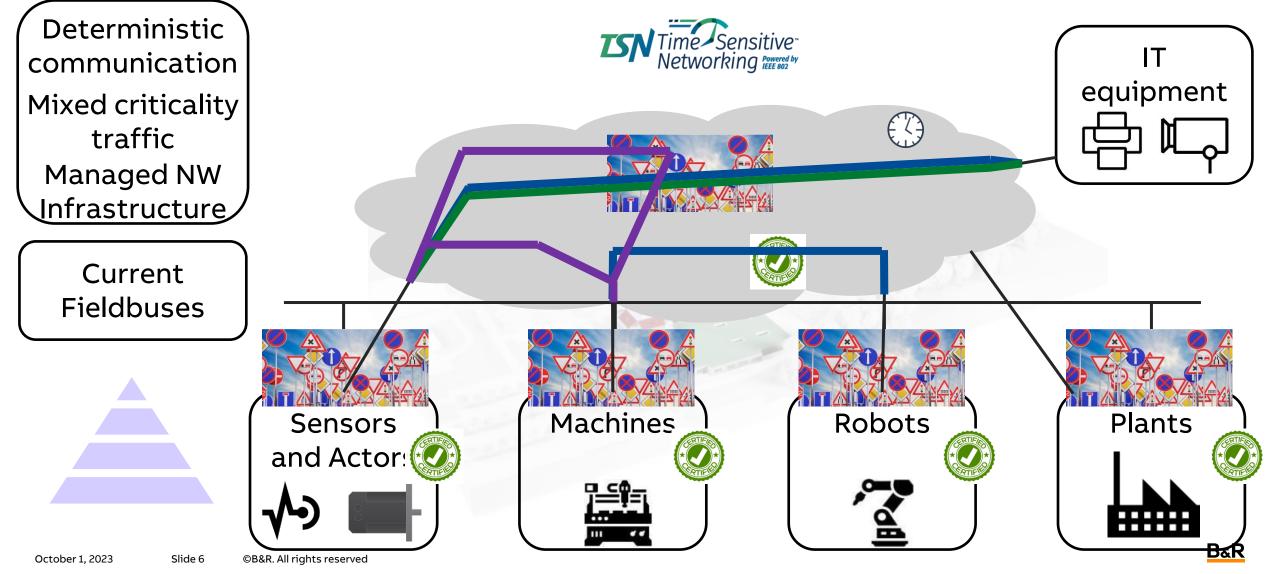
The future: OPC UA & TSN applied to industrial automation

OPC UA: Benefits & USPs



The future: OPC UA & TSN applied to industrial automation





B&R – OPC UA / TSN in practice - today

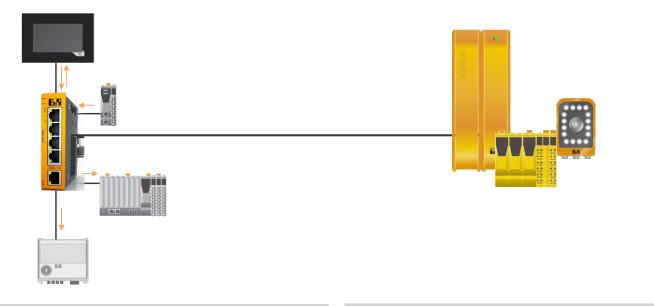
Controller to Controller Communication

- Controller to Controller communication with:
 - Time Synchronization via IEEE 802.1AS-2020
 - Cyclic exchange of RT data with bounded latency via OPC UA PubSUb
 - Exchange of data with mixed criticality
 - Supporting 3rd party OPC UA controllers and applications
 - High communication bandwidth of 1Gb/s



Deterministic controller to controller real-time communication.

B&R – OPC UA / TSN in practice - future



2023/24

- Automatic device configuration
- Network diagnostics
- Topology Detection
- User Experience

2024 & beyond

- Portfolio: e.g., Motion, Safety, Vision
- PubSub Security / MQTT transport
- Automatic schedule calculation

Trends: Adaptive Manufacturing

Challenges, Definition

Market Challenges



- Increasing demand for product customization / **small batch sizes**
- **Direct-to-consumer** sales channels instead of distributors
- Time to market to catch new product trends
- Skilled personnel/labor shortage

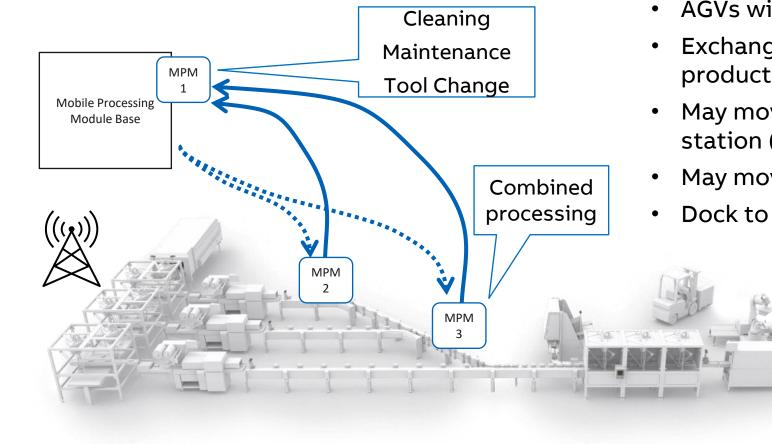
The pillars of Adaptive Manufacturing

- **On-the-fly changeover** / no downtime
- Readiness for unknown future products (size, shape, prints..)
- Smaller footprint
- Cost-Effective batch size 1 from the production line to the customer

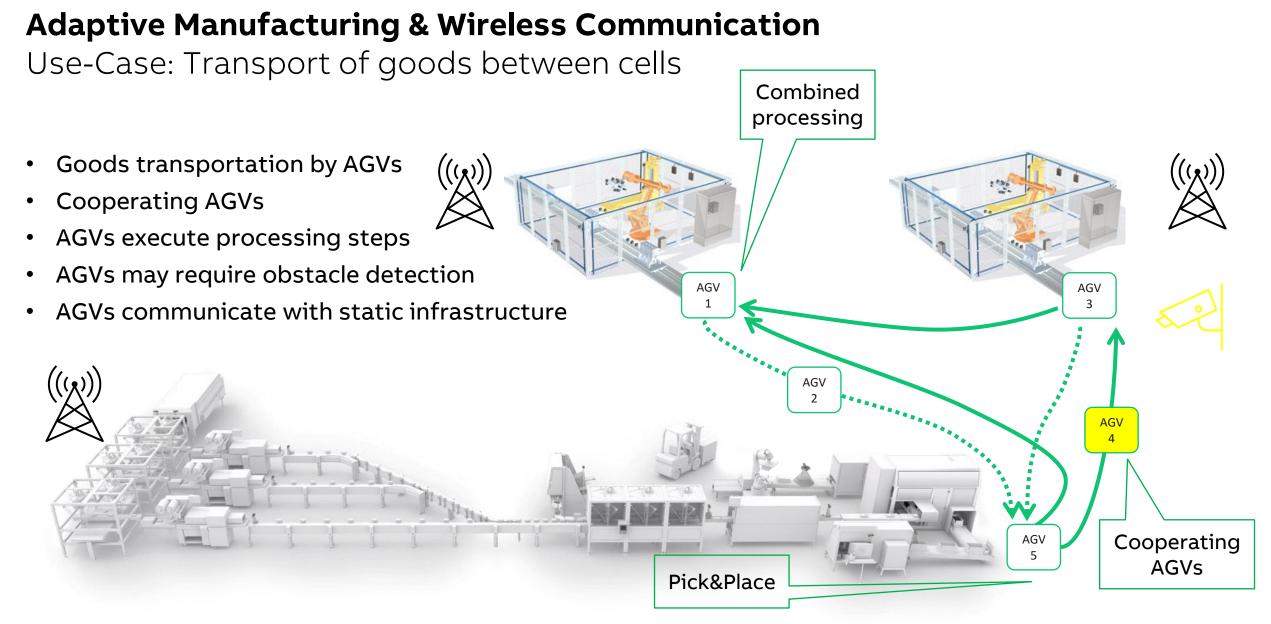


Adaptive Manufacturing & Wireless Communication

Use-Case: Mobile Processing Modules (MPMs)



- AGVs with mounted processing devices / tools
- Exchanged, added or removed according to production requirements
- May move between processing line and a base station (maintenance, cleaning, tool change etc.)
- May move between different processing lines
- Dock to the processing line for required duration



Adaptive Manufacturing & Wireless Communication

Novel Challenges

- Dynamic allocation of network resources (e.g., bandwidth)
 - \rightarrow Demanded by flexibility in processing/properties of wireless networks
 - E.g.: AGVs registering to video streams from surveillance cameras for obstacle detection on safetycritical paths
- Dynamic application requirements due to higher stochastic uncertainty of wireless networks
 - Spatial/temporal dependency \rightarrow signal interference, obstacles etc.
 - Application: Performance vs resource usage, e.g.: high-res (speed >>) vs low-res obstacle detection (speed <<)
- Functional Safety applications and Packet Delay Variation over wireless networks
 - A trade-off between performance and uninterrupted machine operation

Adaptive Manufacturing & Wireless Communication

Conclusion

Wireless communication in industrial automation is required to facilitate trends like Adaptive Manufacturing – and brings new challenges to tackle.

Bar

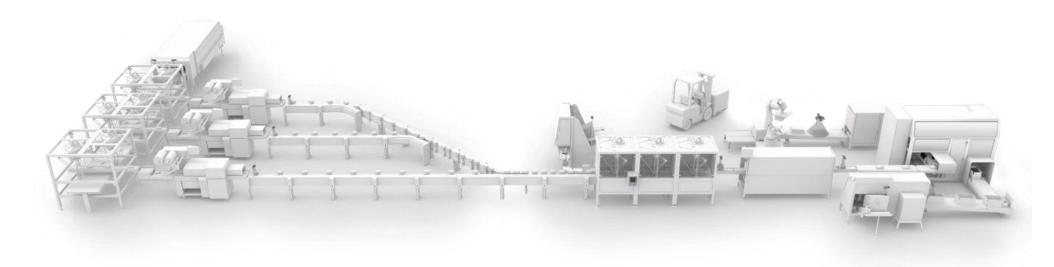
A member of the ABB Group





Adaptive Manufacturing

The need for wireless communication



- Individual modules, e.g., bottle unscrambler, filler, capper, labeller, packaging
- Modules may be exchanged for cleaning or added/removed to adjust throughput.
- Processing steps may require transport of goods to/from different processing cells

→ AGVs with
wireless
connectivity in
the adaptive
manufacturing
process.

Trends: Adaptive Manufacturing

Examples

Bottle labelling



- Top and bottom track for capping (top) and (rotary) labelling (bottom)
- Bottle & label size adjustable on the fly
- Modular track system

Cartoning



- Vision-guided robots, loading cartons on..
- ..Independently controlled shuttles
- Different carton sizes, batchsize one packaging

Filling/capping/labelling



- Adapting to different caps, containers, labels and cartons
- Designed for frequent and quick changeover

These examples and more: https://www.br-automation.com/en/technologies/adaptive-manufacturing/adaptive-applications/

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OPC UA FX Background





"OPC UA is not a protocol!

Instead it is a collection of technologies to ensure a secure exchange of standardized information from the sensor to the cloud (and back)."¹

- **OPC UA** \rightarrow <u>Open Platform Communication Unified Architecture</u>
- Specification parts for Field eXchange (FX) are defined by the Field Level Communication (FLC) working group of the OPC Foundation
- Formerly also referred as OPC UA over TSN
- Communication based on OPC UA PubSub and TSN technologies

¹ Statement of the OPC Foundation: <u>https://opcfoundation.org/</u>

OPC UA Architecture

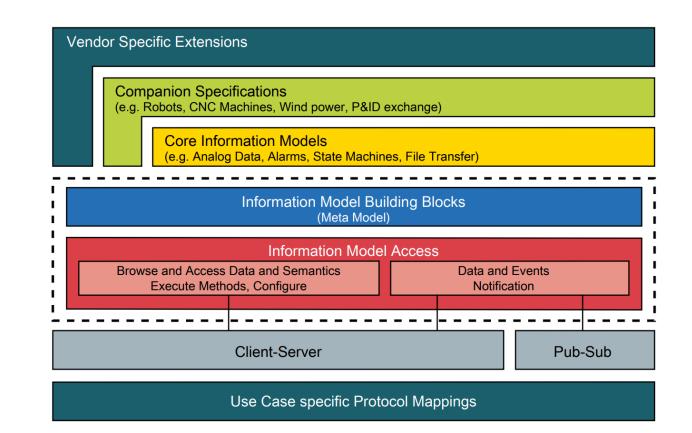
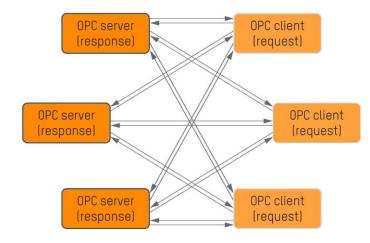
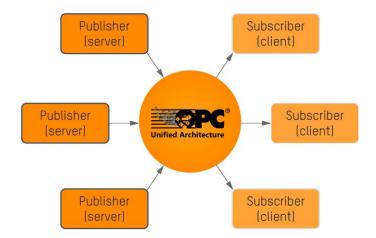


Figure taken from https://opcfoundation.org/about/opc-technologies/opc-ua/

OPC UA PubSub Client/Server vs. PubSub





<u>Client/Server</u>

- **Semantic modelling** of information with standardized domain-specific information models and profiles
- Connection-oriented access of data and methods
- One-to-one communication pattern

Publish/Subscribe

- Many-to-many communication pattern
- Broker-less and broker-based communication service
- Cyclic and change-based transmission
- Fixed and dynamic message formats

Key Features

OACST052.1 – industrial TSN Switch



- 4 ETH/TSN Ports + 1 ETH Port, 100/1000 MBit/s
- Fully non-blocking, deterministic, IEEE 802.1Q-compliant switch engine
- Configuration via OPC UA and NETCONF
- TSN Features
 - 802.1AS-2020 time synchronization
 - 802.1Qav credit-based shaper
 - 802.1Qbv time-aware shaper
 - 802.1Qbu pre-emption
 - 802.1Qci ingress policing (future release)
- Security
- Tiny form factor
- Product released

Key Features

X20BC008T – Head station for modular IO system with OPC UA and TSN support



- OPC UA information model of IO system
- Deterministic communication @ 400µs
- Large slices portfolio available
- 2 ETH/TSN Ports, 100/1000 MBit/s
- Configuration via OPC UA and NETCONF
- Switch engine & TSN features = 0ACST052.1
- Security = 0ACST052.1
- Enhanced usability for stand-alone operation
- Product released