



# DETERMINISTIC6G

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## 5G latency analysis and possible improvements

Dr. Joachim Sachs (Ericsson)

Dr. Gourav Prateek Sharma (KTH)

Webinar on Architectural enhancements for 6G  
programmable and deterministic networks



# Speakers



DR. JOACHIM SACHS

Senior Expert at Ericsson Research  
>25 years experience in 2G to 6G



DR. GOURAV PRATEEK SHARMA

Postdoc at KTH Royal Institute of  
Technology

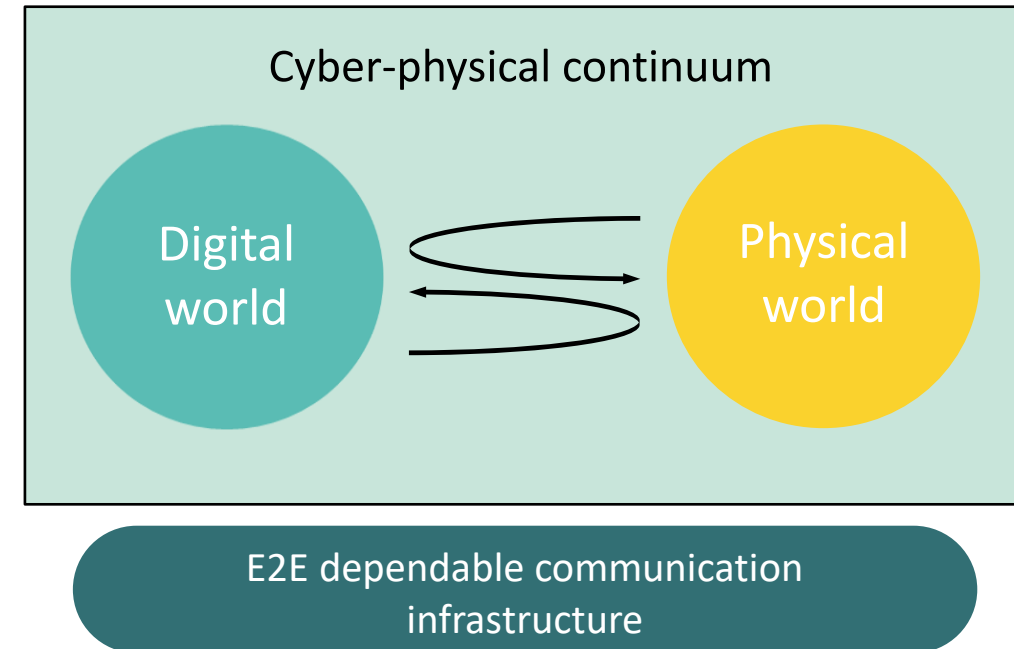


# Outline

- ❑ Introduction
- ❑ Latencies in 5G Networks
- ❑ DETERMINISTIC6G Approach
- ❑ Summary

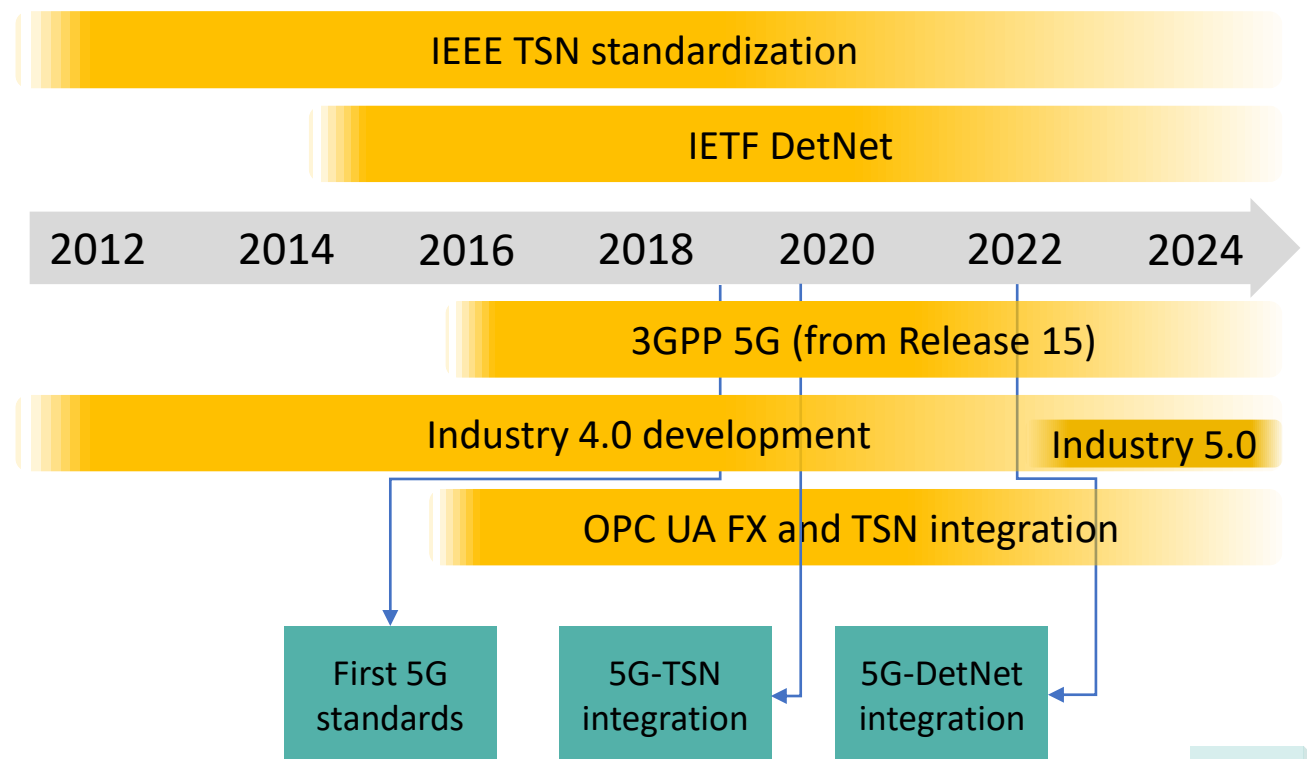
# Moving towards a Cyber-Physical Continuum

- ❑ The digitalization is driving the transformation of the society and industries
- ❑ New forms of interactions will lead to a converged cyber-physical continuum spanning different communication technologies
- ❑ End-to-End (E2E) dependable communication infrastructure is a necessary requirement to support such interactions



# Today's Dependable Communications Arena

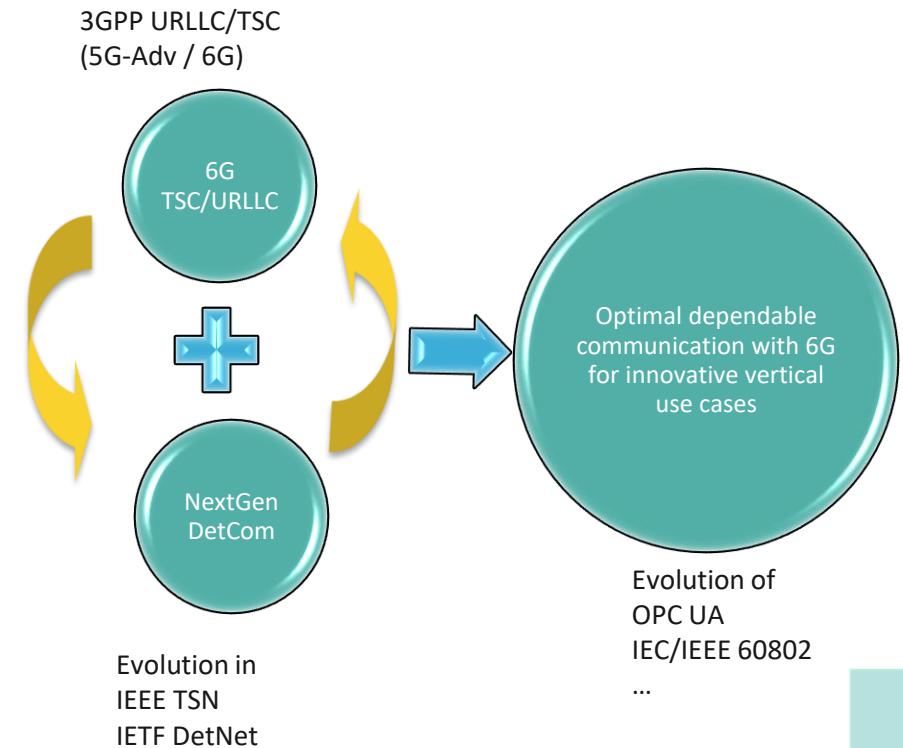
- ❑ Over the last decade, the major pivot of the communications community has been towards low-latency and reliability
  - ❑ Digitalization of automation systems as a main driver
- ❑ Several communication technologies (TSN, DetNet, 5G, OPC UA) are independently evolving towards the support for wired/wireless dependable communication
  - ❑ So far only limited interworking (e.g., recent 5G-TSN integration architecture)



# DETERMINISTIC6G Vision

The DETERMINISTIC6G vision is to set the foundation for future global communication standards enabling 6G dependable communication for visionary use cases

- ❑ New concepts, features and solutions to
  - ❑ Evolve TSN & DetNet to become more wireless-friendly
  - ❑ Improve 5G-Advanced/6G to be better suited for dependable communication
  - ❑ Align with the main application middleware for dependable communication: OPC UA (with its features on OPC UA FX (Field eXchange) and the usage of TSN)



URLLC: Ultra-reliable and low-latency communications  
5G-Adv: 5G-Advanced  
TSN : Time Sensitive Networking  
TSC: Time Sensitive Communication  
DetNet: Deterministic Networking

# DETERMINISTIC6G Consortium



Industrial application players  
bringing 6G visionary use cases



Key industrial players in  
6G research and development



12 partners  
(Coordinator:  
Ericsson GmbH)



Jan 2023 – Jun 2025  
(30 months)



University of Stuttgart  
Germany



SAL  
SILICON AUSTRIA LABS

Key university and research  
institutes at the forefront for  
6G fundamental research

€ 5.8 M€

# 5G Ambitions

## eMBB/Broadband IoT

- Extreme data rates
- Large data volumes
- Best effort latency

Enhanced  
Mobile Broadband

## Massive IoT

- Low cost devices
- Extreme coverage
- Long device battery life

Massive machine type  
communications

## Critical IoT including Time-Critical Communication

- Consistent latency  
(low to ultra-low)
- High reliability
- High availability

Ultra-Reliable and Low  
Latency Communication

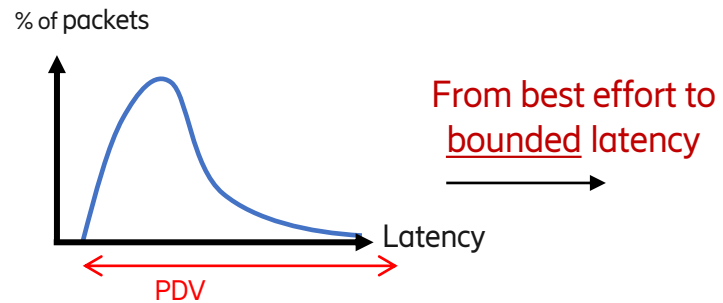
Source: Ericsson

Based on: ITU's vision for IMT 2020 & beyond

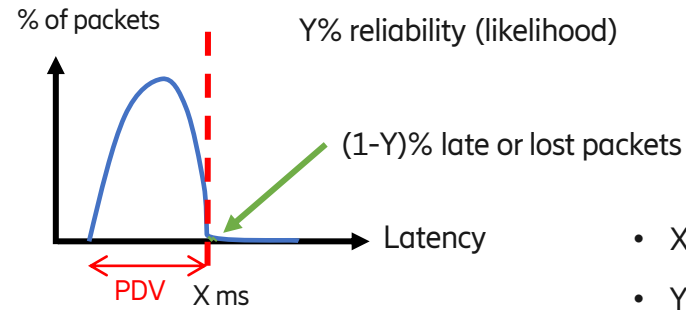


# Time-critical Communication

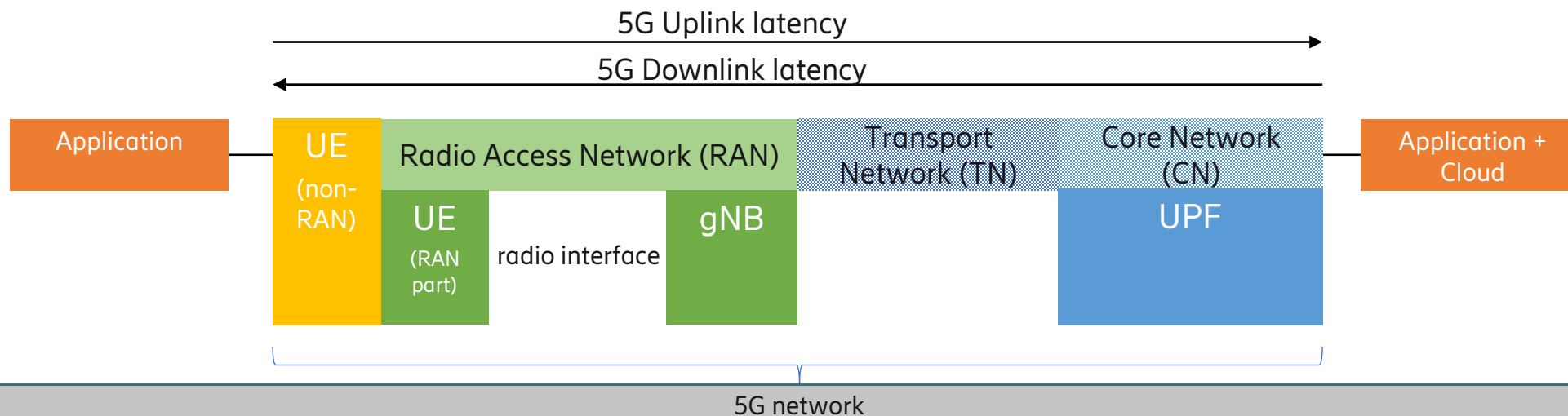
MBB



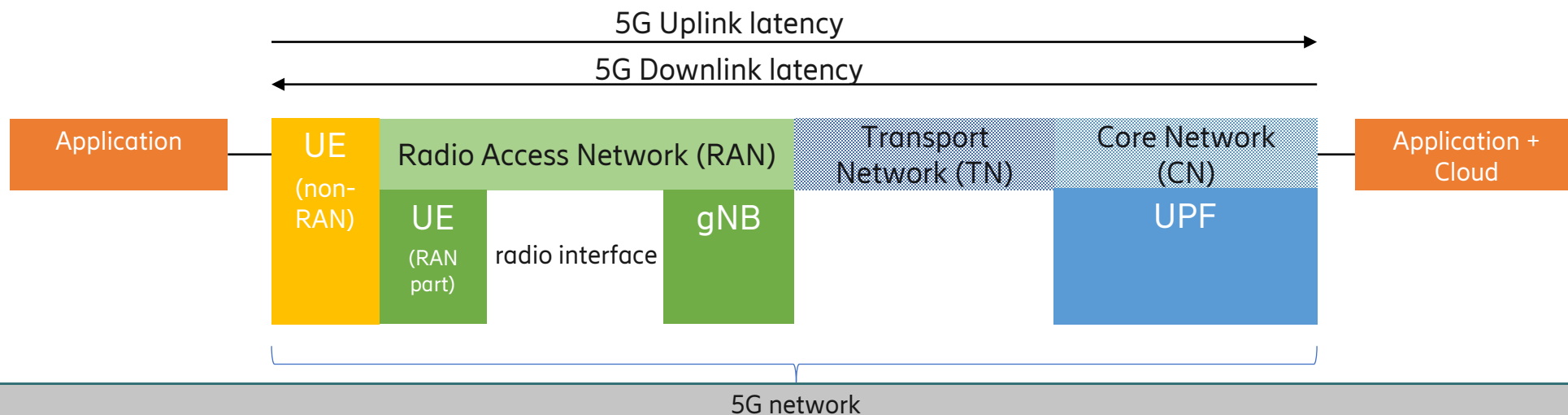
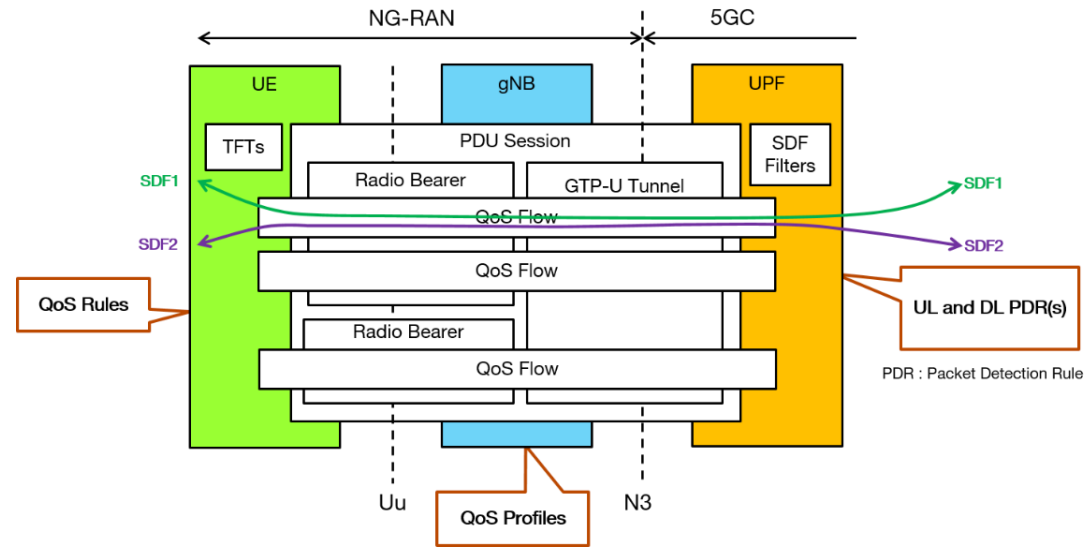
Time-critical communication and URLLC



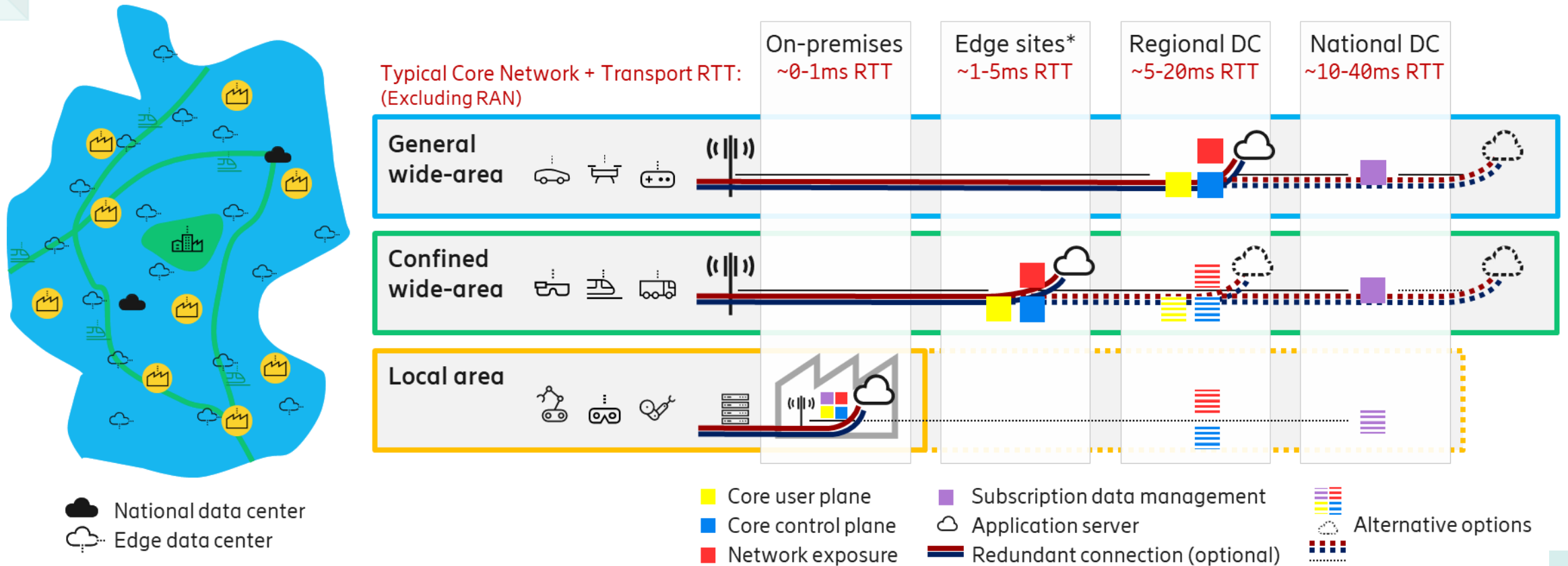
- X ranges from tens of ms to 1ms latency
- Y ranges from 99% to 99,999% reliability



# Time-critical Applications

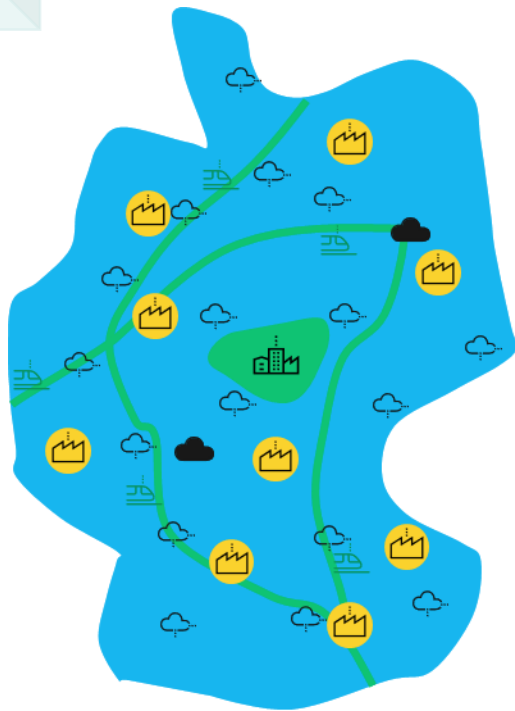




# Latency Induced by Distance

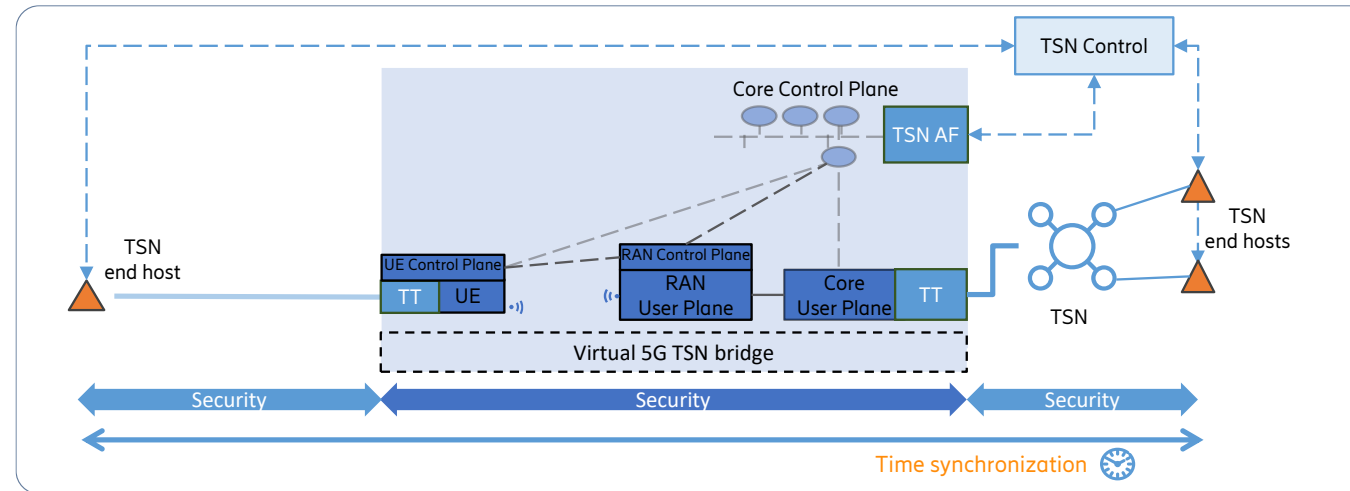









\* Edge sites include local access sites, hub sites and radio access sites

# 5G Non-public (private) Networks



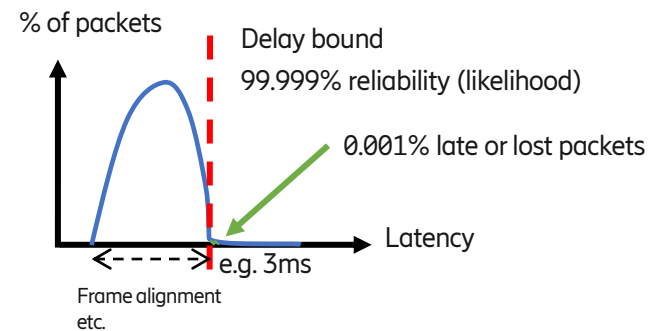
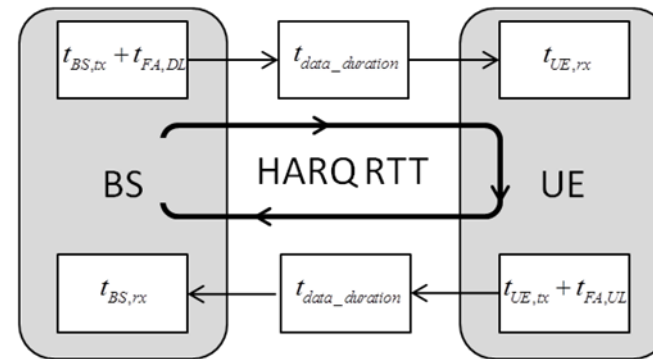
 National data center  
 Edge data center




-  Core user plane
-  Core control plane
-  Network exposure
-  Subscription data management
-  Application server
-  Redundant connection (optional)
-  Alternative options

\* Edge sites include local access sites, hub sites and radio access sites

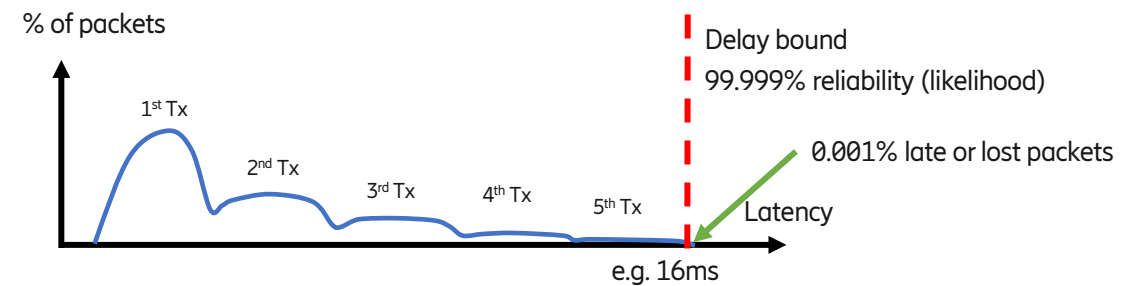
# Reliability vs. Latency



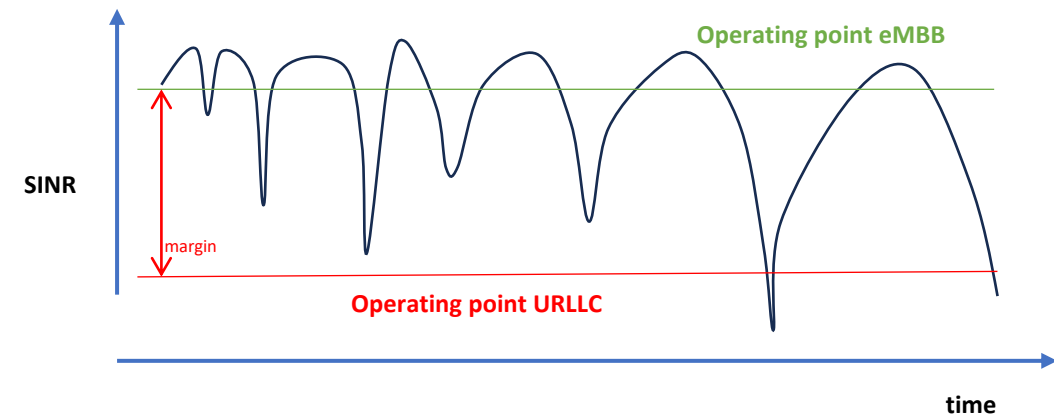
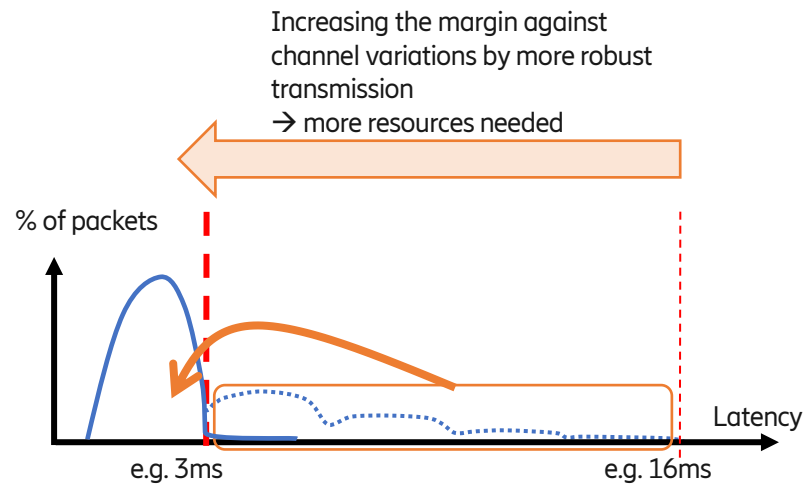
TDD Pattern: DDDSU



The diagram shows a sequence of 16 time slots. Slots 1, 2, 3, and 4 are labeled 'D' (Downlink) and are blue. Slots 5, 6, 7, and 8 are labeled 'U' (Uplink) and are green. Slots 9, 10, 11, and 12 are labeled 'D' (Downlink) and are blue. Slots 13, 14, 15, and 16 are labeled 'U' (Uplink) and are green.



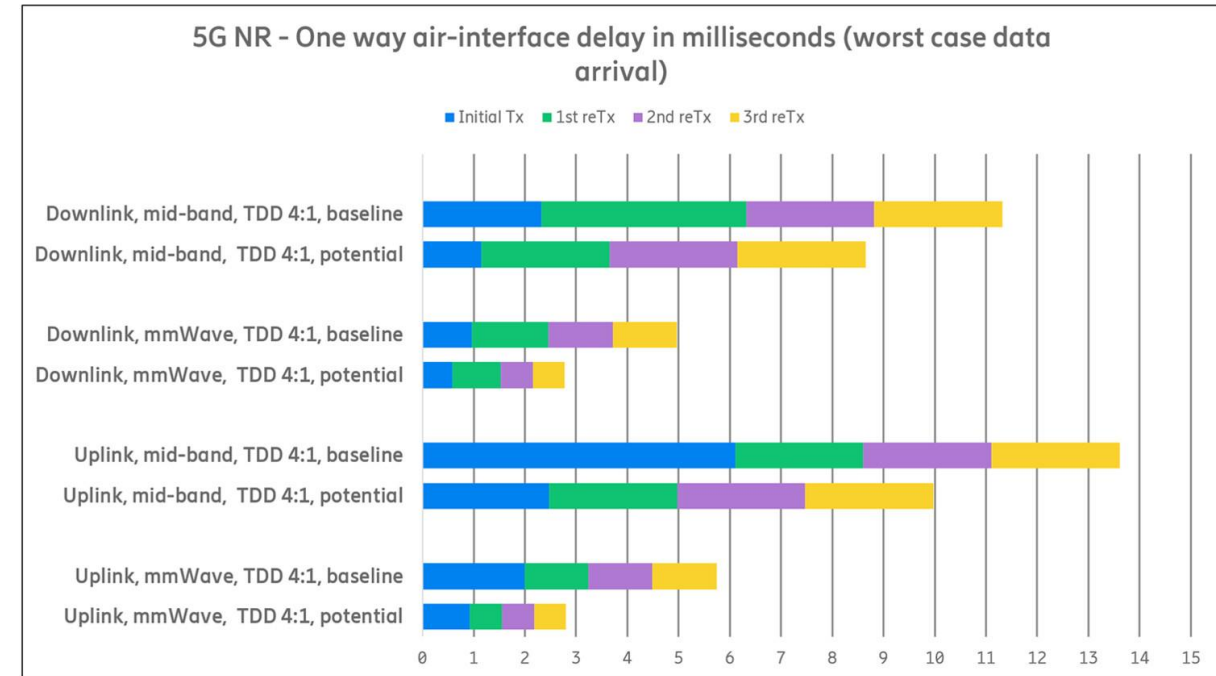
# Reliability vs. Spectral Efficiency



# URLLC with 5G

## URLLC toolbox

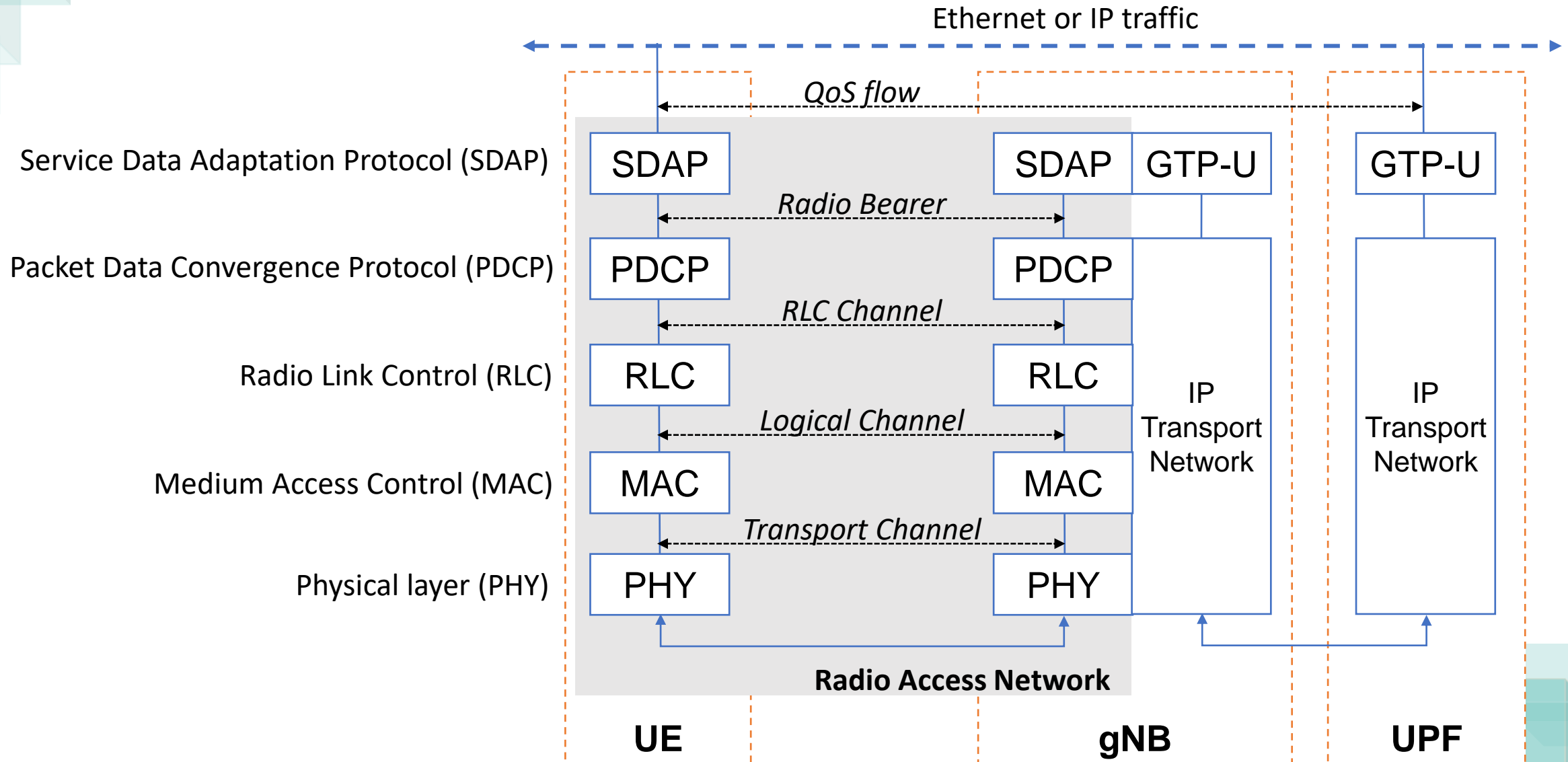
- ☐ Pre-scheduling and configured grant
- ☐ Mini-slots and flexible numerology
- ☐ Fast HARQ
- ☐ Preemptive transmission
- ☐ Robust control and data channels
- ☐ Redundant connectivity
- ☐ Multi-antenna diversity



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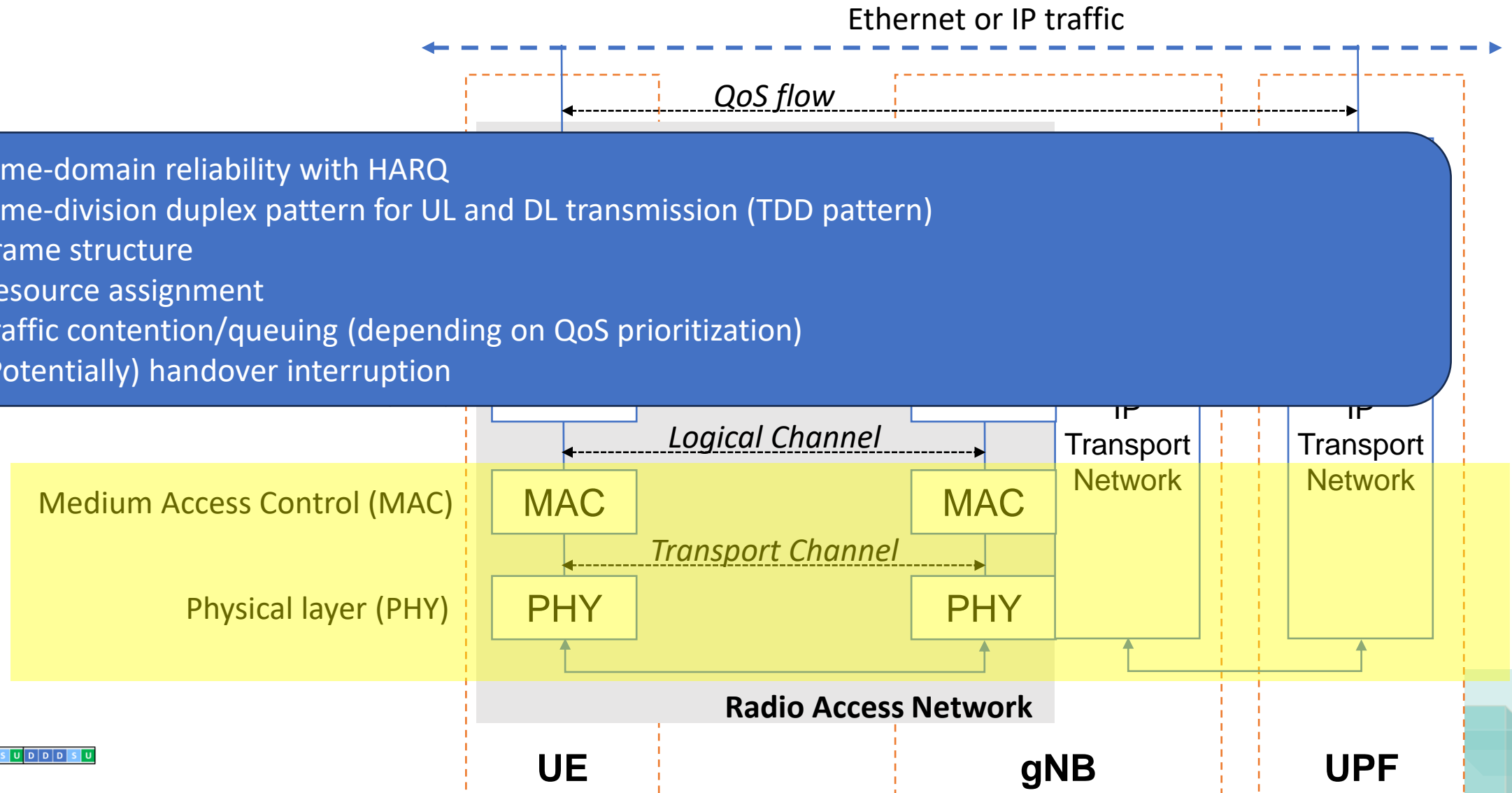
# 5G RAN Latency Contributors



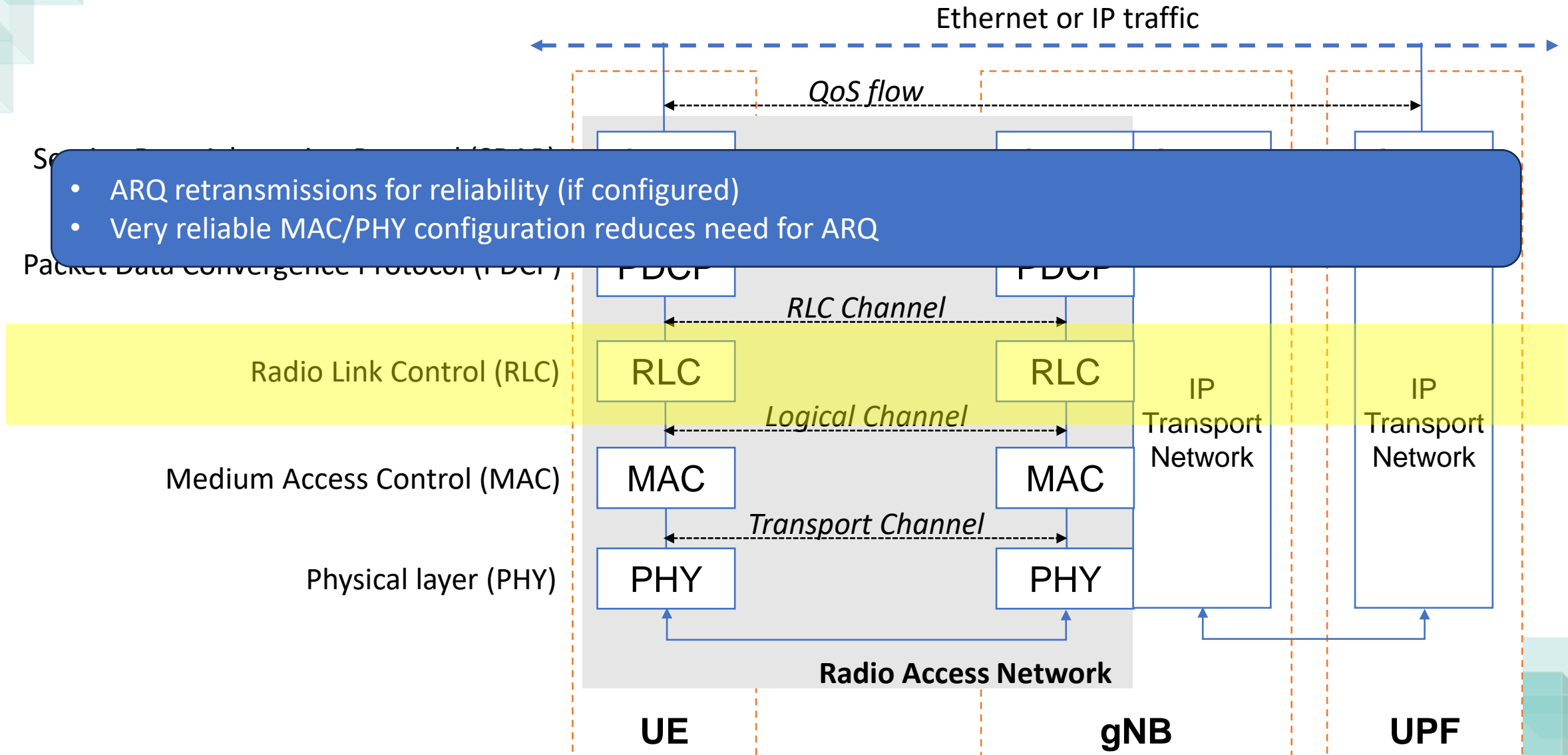


# 5G RAN Latency Contributors

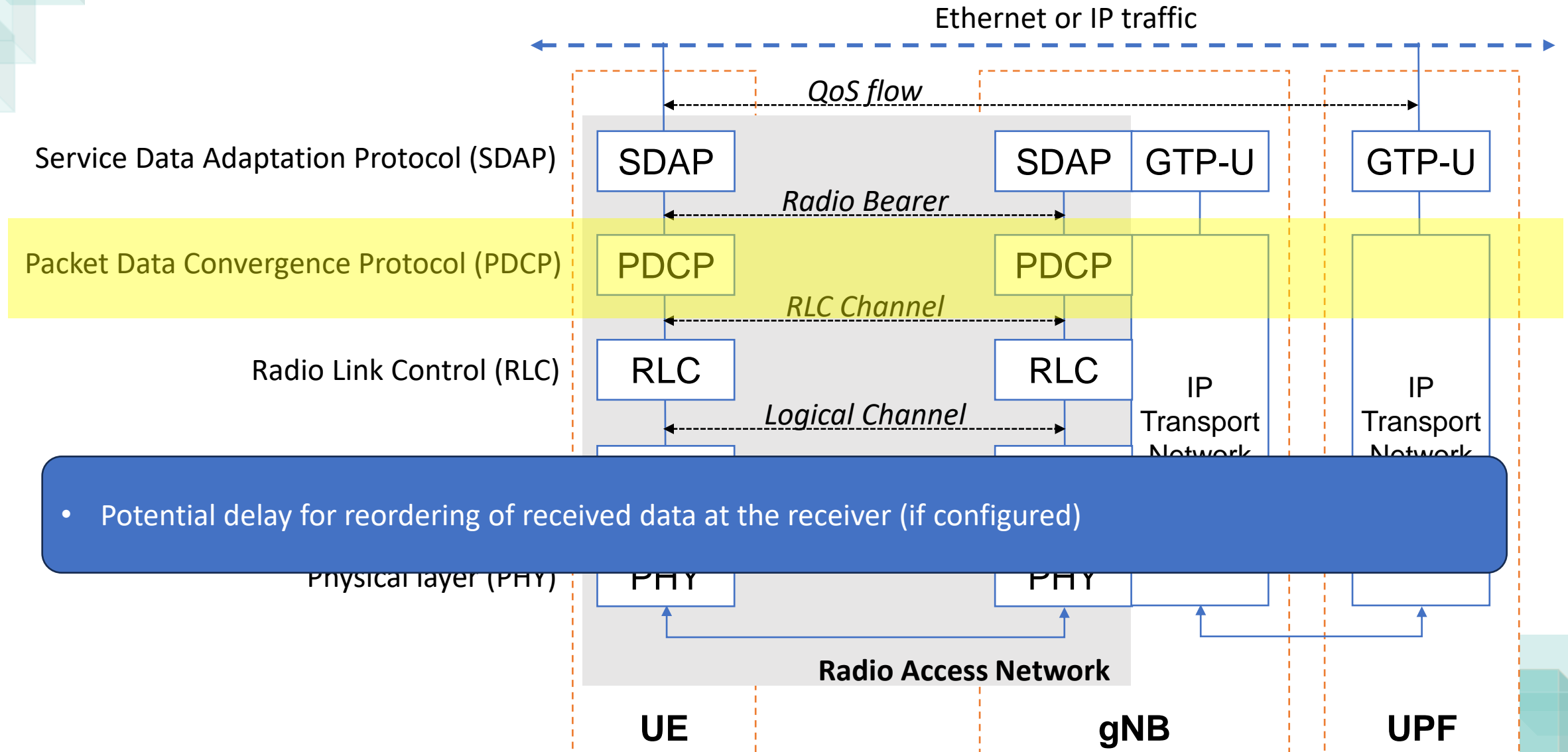
- Time-domain reliability with HARQ
- Time-division duplex pattern for UL and DL transmission (TDD pattern)
- Frame structure
- Resource assignment
- Traffic contention/queuing (depending on QoS prioritization)
- (Potentially) handover interruption



# 5G RAN Latency Contributors

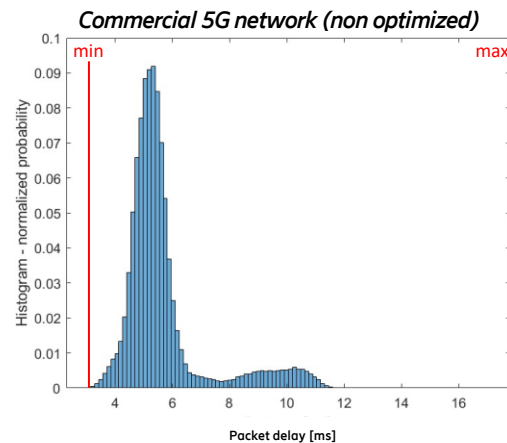


# 5G RAN Latency Contributors



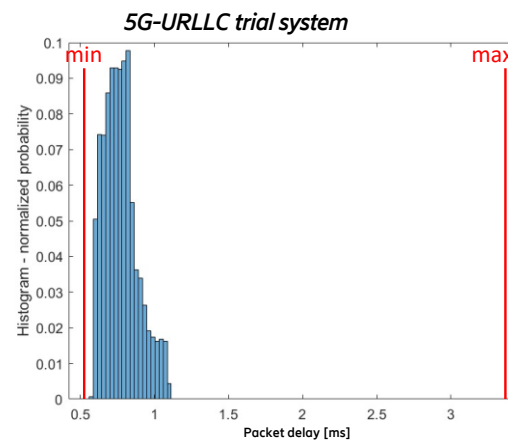
# 5G Networks: From Trials to Reality

- 5G networks show comparatively large packet delay variation (PDV), even with URLLC



(a)

Ansari et al. Electronics 2022



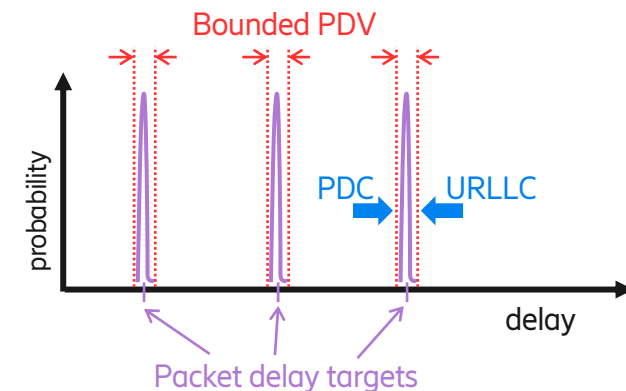
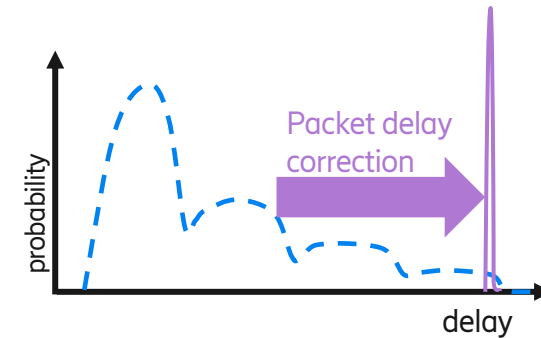
(b)

Ansari et al., TSNA 2022  
Kehl et al. Electronics 2022

- [1] J. Ansari, C. Andersson, P. de Bruin, J. Farkas, L. Grosjean, J. Sachs, J. Torsner, B. Varga, D. Harutyunyan, N. König, R. H. Schmitt, "Performance of 5G Trials for Industrial Automation. Electronics", 2022; 11(3):412.  
<https://doi.org/10.3390/electronics11030412>
- [2] P. Kehl, J. Ansari, M. H. Jafari, P. Becker, J. Sachs, N. König, A. Göppert, R. H. Schmitt, "A Prototype of 5G Integrated with TSN for Edge-Controlled Mobile Robotics" Electronics 11, no. 11: 1666, 2022.  
<https://doi.org/10.3390/electronics11111666>
- [3] DETERMINISTIC6G, "Digest on First DetCom Simulator Framework Release", deliverable D4.1, Dec. 2023, <https://deterministic6g.eu/index.php/library-m/deliverables>
- [4] DETERMINISTIC6G, "Report on 6G convergence enablers towards deterministic communication standards", deliverable D3.1, Dec. 2023, <https://deterministic6g.eu/index.php/library-m/deliverables>

# Packet Delay Variation (PDV)

- ❑ Time-sensitive / deterministic transmission
  - ❑ Receiving the right packet at the right time
- ❑ Packet-delay variation creates uncertainty on packet arrivals
  - ❑ Can be problematic for e.g. Time-Sensitive Networking (TSN) time-scheduled transmission [D3.1]
- ❑ Correction of PDV via packet delay correction (PDC) in 6G can remove uncertainty of packet delays [D2.1]

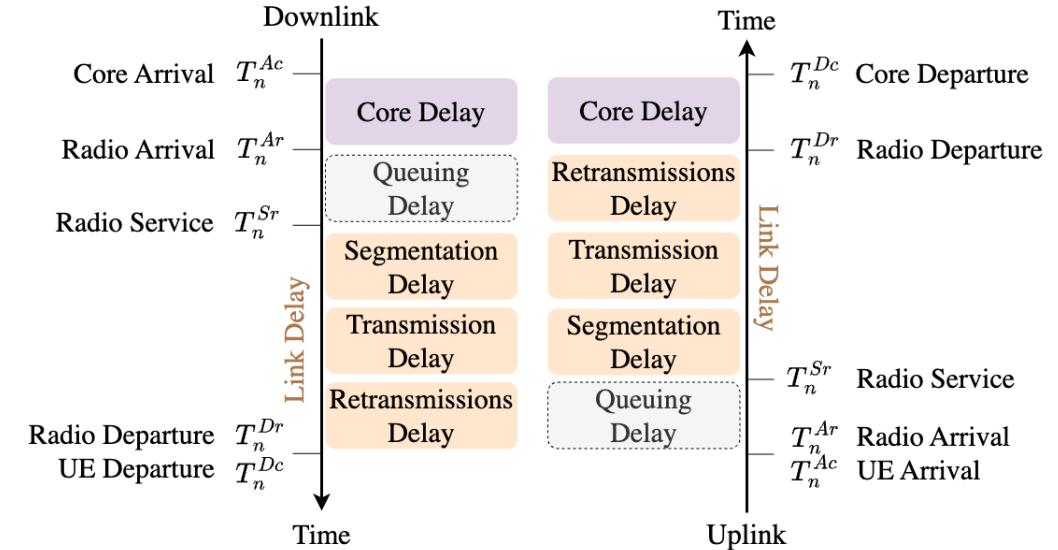


[D2.1] DETERMINISTIC6G, Deliverable 2.1, “First report on 6G centric enablers,” Dec. 2023, <https://deterministic6g.eu/index.php/library-m/deliverables>

[D3.1] DETERMINISTIC6G, Deliverable 3.1, “Report on 6G convergence enablers towards deterministic communication standards,” Dec. 2023, <https://deterministic6g.eu/index.php/library-m/deliverables>

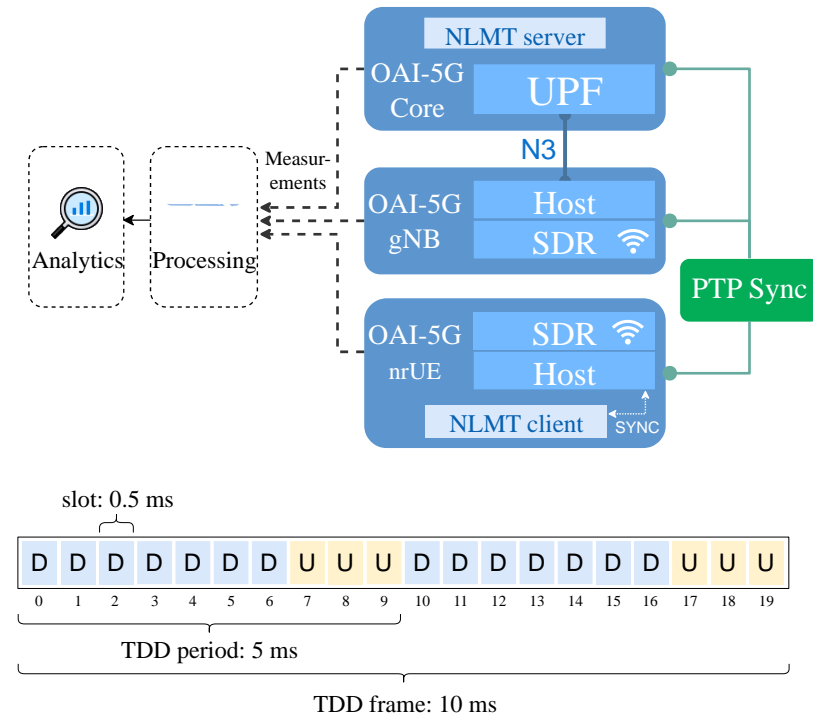
# 5G Delay Decomposition Model

- ❑ High-level components: Core delay and RAN delay
- ❑ Core delay
  - ❑ N3 interface (between RAN and UPF)
  - ❑ Industrial scenarios: small and fixed
- ❑ RAN delay
  - ❑ Dominates in end-to-end delay variations
  - ❑ Further split: Queuing Model
    1. Queuing delay (RLC buffer)
      - ❑ previous packets, frame-alignment + scheduling
    2. Link delay
      - ❑ Segmentation delay
      - ❑ Transmission delay
      - ❑ Retransmission delay



# Experimental Setup

- Implementation on Openairinterface5G with SDRs; hosts were synced with PTP
- Measurement points inserted in the OAI user plane in both UE and gNB for the UL path
- [NMLT](#) packet generator that can align send time offset wrt 5G frame boundaries
- Each packet journey is reconstructed using recorded timestamps and stored in a DB



Parameters	Value/Ranges
OAI config	Band 78, TDD, 106 RBs, 40 MHz, SCS of 30kHz (slot size=0.5ms)
Traffic	500B UDP @ 100 Hz

# 5G Delay Decomposition

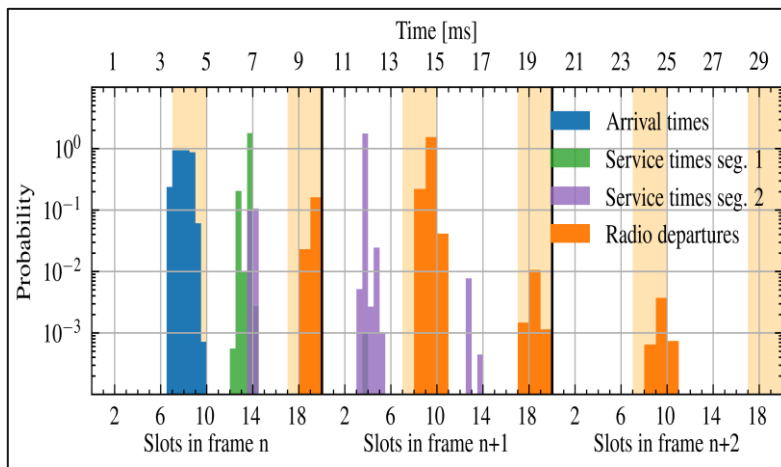
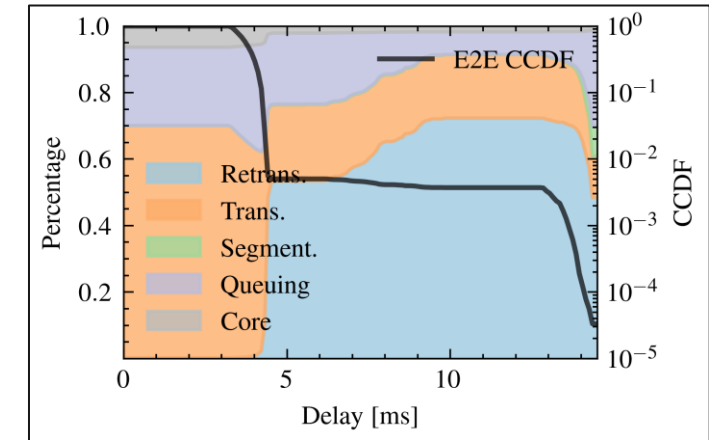
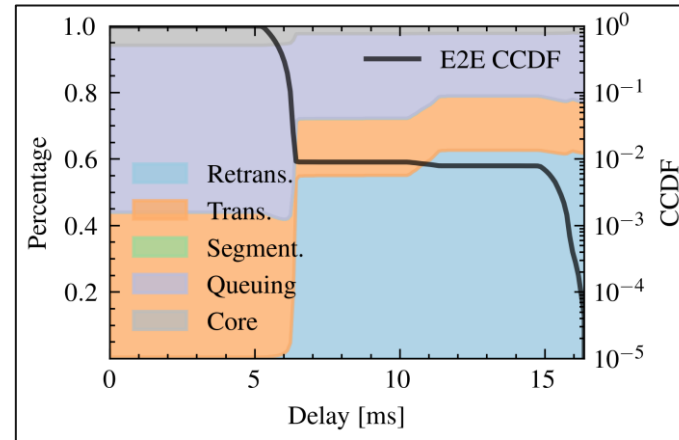
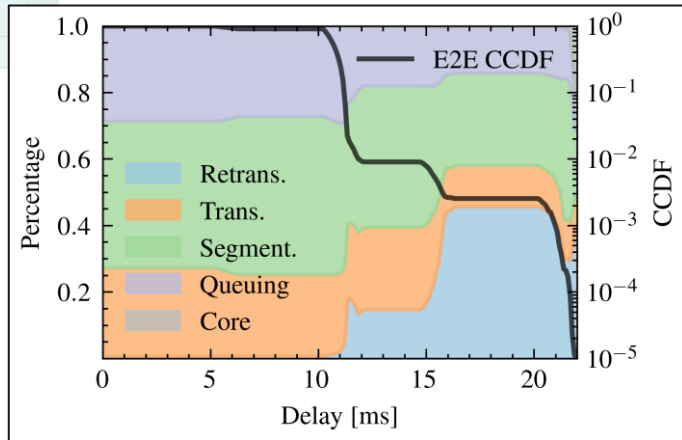




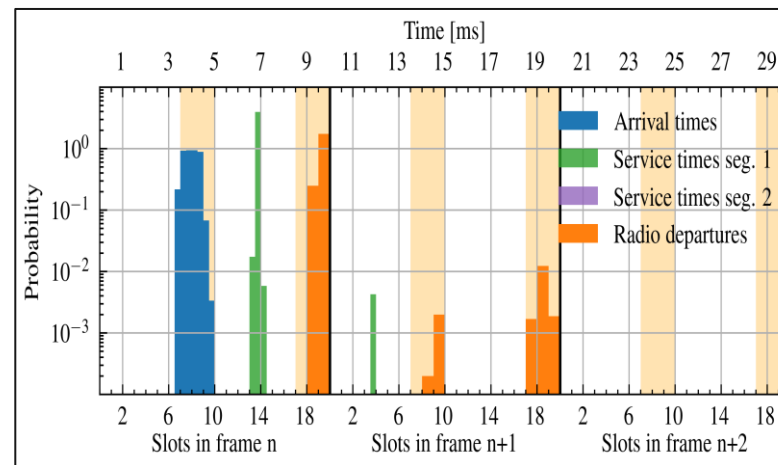
# 5G Delay Decomposition



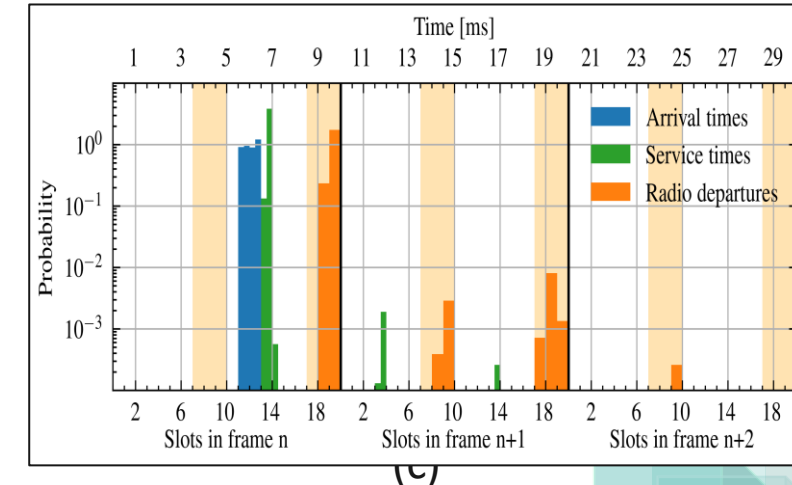
# Data-driven Delay Optimization



Baseline



Addressing segmentation delay



Addressing frame-alignment delay

# Requirements of Time-critical Applications

- ❑ Time-sensitive applications typically have critical (lower and upper) delay bounds
  - ❑ Avoid failure or degradation of experienced application quality
  
- ❑ Deterministic network and application characteristics (claimed to be) a necessity
  - ❑ But challenging in several digitalization enablers
    - ❑ Cloud computing
    - ❑ wireless communication
    - ❑ (adaptive) applications
  - ❑ Include stochastic variations

# From Deterministic Communication to Dependable Communication

- ❑ Strict review of *determinism*:
  - ❑ a system without or with negligible stochastic variations
  - ❑ a system behaves in a pre-determined way from a certain state with a given input
- ❑ Eliminating stochastic elements not always feasible,
  - ❑ ➔ Embrace stochastic elements that are not pre-determined
  - ❑ ➔ ... make them predictable and plannable,
  - ❑ ➔ ... manage them to fulfill the requirements of the applications and utilize flexibility and adaptability
- ❑ Provide *dependable communication* for time-critical services  
(➔ the service can rely on the communication)

[1] DETERMINISTIC6G, “DETERMINISTIC6G use cases and architecture principles”, deliverable D1.1, Dec. 2023, <https://deterministic6g.eu/index.php/library-m/deliverables>

[2] DETERMINISTIC6G, “Report on 6G convergence enablers towards deterministic communication standards”, deliverable D3.1, Dec. 2023, <https://deterministic6g.eu/index.php/library-m/deliverables>

# Dependable Mobile Networks for Time-Critical Applications

## Dependable communication :

*Be able to quantitatively ascertain the delivery of required service performance for the communication as it has been agreed.*

- ☐ Builds on time-critical communication enabled with Ultra-reliable and low latency communication capabilities
- ☐ Requires service specification with application requirements via network exposure
- ☐ Requires observability for service performance monitoring and prediction
- ☐ Potential for feedback to the application domain and enabling application-network coordination

# Summary

- ❑ Convergence of digital and physical worlds will requires support for time-critical communications
- ❑ Data-driven latency assesement provides an oppurtunity for designing enablers for end-to-end delay optimization
- ❑ DETERMINISTIC6G aims to realize end-to-end dependable time-critical communication with 6G

# Further References

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- ❑ G. P. Sharma, D. Patel, J. Sachs, M. De Andrade, J. Farkas, J. Harmatos, B. Varga, H. -P., Bernhard, R. Muzaffar, M. Ahmed, F. Duerr, D. Bruckner, E.M. De Oca, D. Houatra, H. Zhang and J. Gross, "Toward Deterministic Communications in 6G Networks: State of the Art, Open Challenges and the Way Forward," in IEEE Access, vol. 11, pp. 106898-106923, 2023, doi: 10.1109/ACCESS.2023.3316605
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All DETERMINISTIC6G deliverables available at <https://deterministic6g.eu/index.php/library-m/deliverables>

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If you need further information, please contact the coordinator:

János Harmatos, ERICSSON

E-Mail: [coordinator@deterministic6g.eu](mailto:coordinator@deterministic6g.eu)

or visit: [www.deterministic6g.eu](http://www.deterministic6g.eu)



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